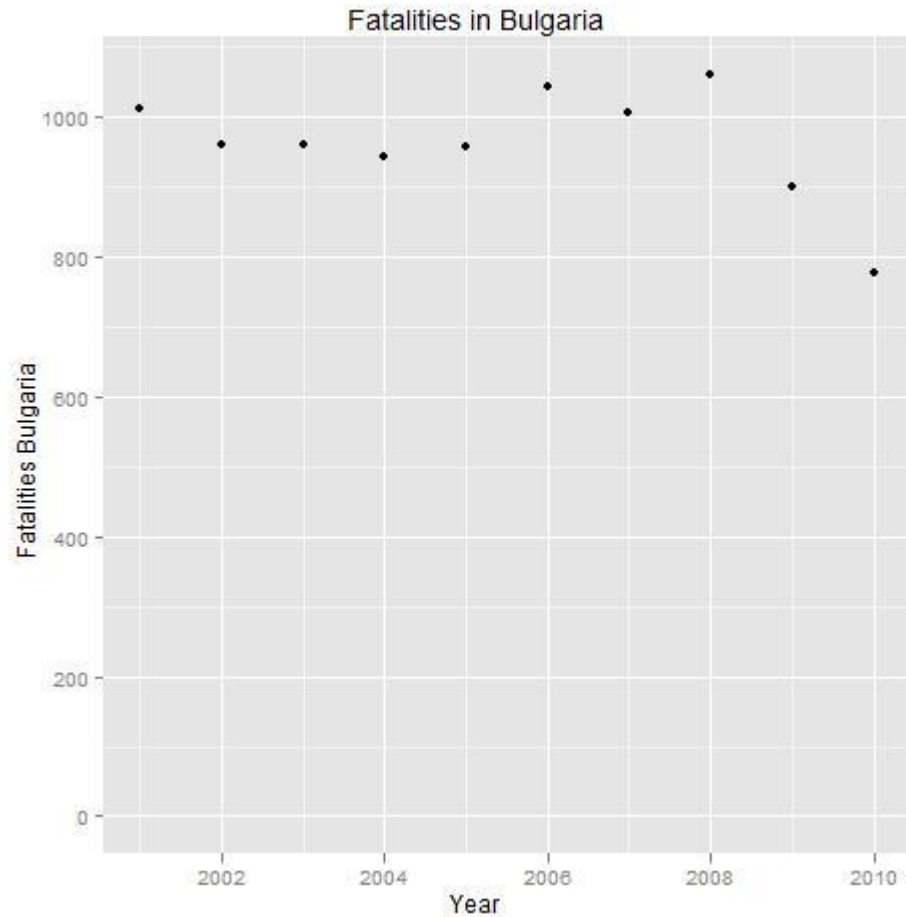


Road Safety Development

Bulgaria

Fatalities



Road traffic fatalities have been registered since 2001.

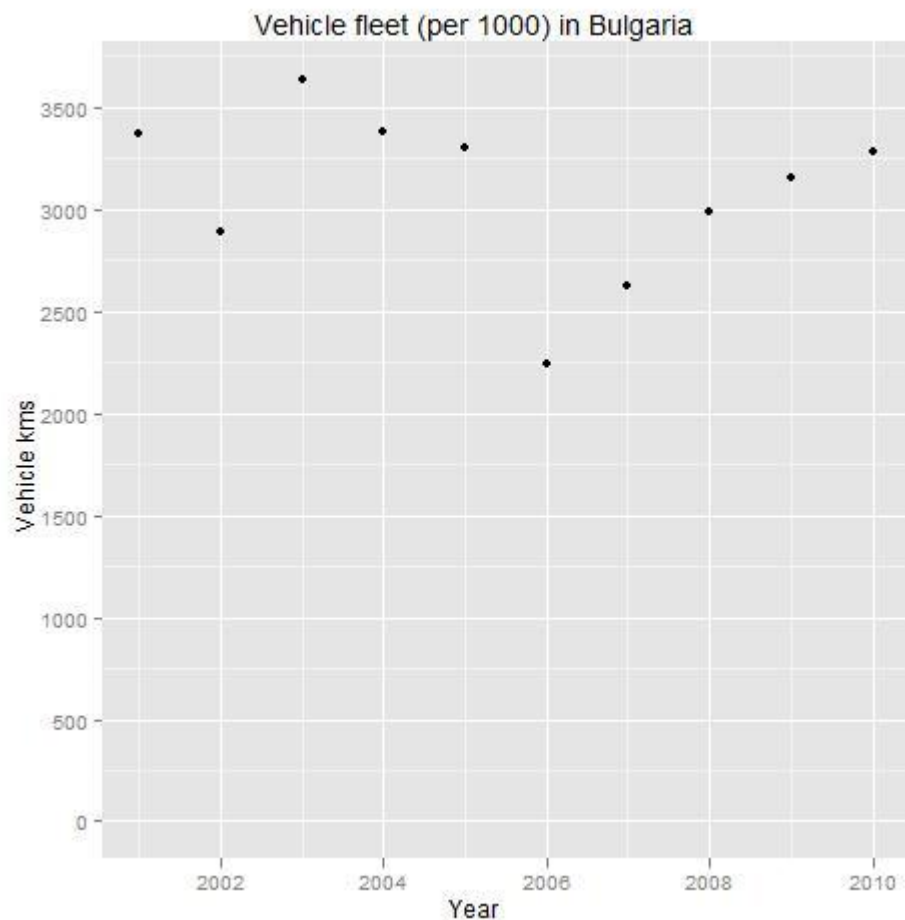
Fatalities had been stagnating or increasing until 2008.

- The number of fatalities has been more or less stagnating between 2001 and 2005, then it was rising, and eventually it has been decreasing since 2008.
- The development mirrors some aspects of the economic development. In the years up to 2008 there was a stable growth in GDP and growing oil sales, all indicating a rising mobility [2]. After 2008 the recession started which might have (partly) caused the reduction in fatalities.
- At the same time the fatalities also mirror the efforts in road safety management. In 2008 Bulgaria, had a road safety management review executed by the world bank [3]. A lack of funding and of a coherent strategy was diagnosed. Moreover it was asserted that the know-how and equipment applied was often not up to date. Since then, big efforts are undertaken to improve road safety in the sense that a strategic plan has been worked out concerting actions of public institutions, regional and municipal authorities, nongovernmental organizations, the private sector and civil society [2].



Road Safety Development - Bulgaria

Traffic Volume



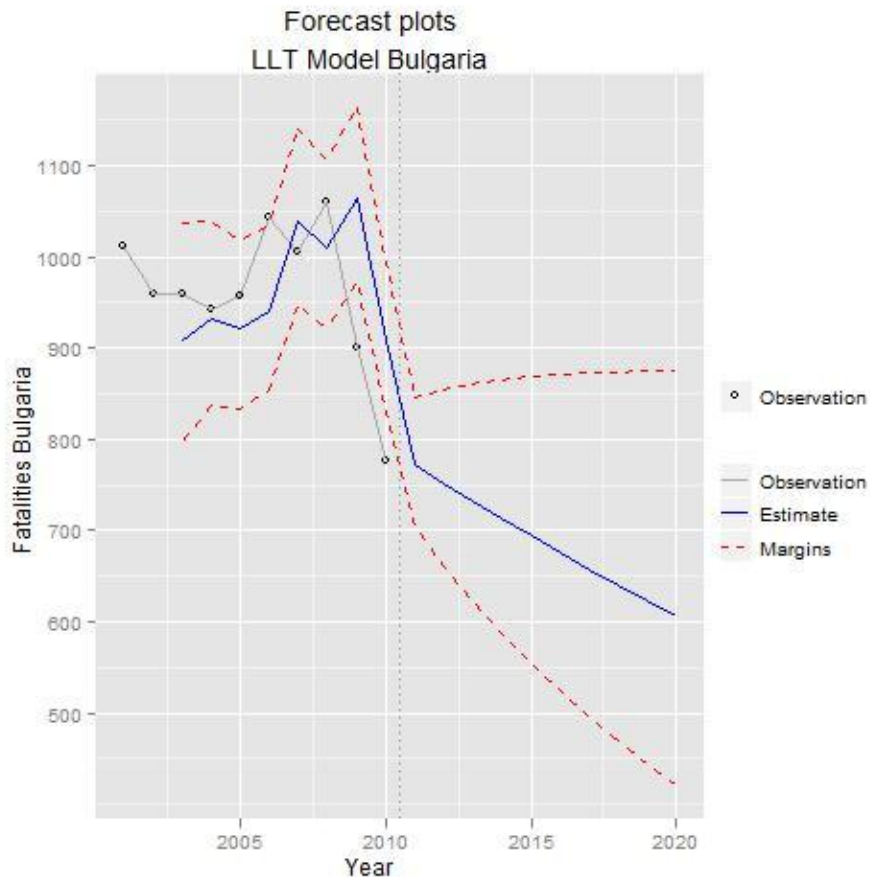
- The number of fatalities normally depends strongly on the amount of traffic.
- The only available estimate for traffic volume is the number of registered vehicles (vehicle fleet per 1000).
- Development and measurement:
 - o Erratic between 2001 and 2005.
 - o Drop by 1 million vehicles between 2005 to 2006 due to removing unused vehicles from database.
 - o Rising trend since 2006.
- Relation between traffic volume and fatalities:
 - o No relation can be established between the number of fatalities and this estimate for the traffic volume (neither with nor without the assumption that the vehicle database was cleaned in 2006).
 - o No mobility scenario can be calculated.
- Forecasting model (technical definition):
 - o Local Linear Trend model [6, 1] .
 - o Variable: yearly number of fatalities.
 - o Fixed components: slope.



Road Safety Development - Bulgaria

Forecasts to 2020

- If road safety is improved at the same rate as previously, the following forecasts can be made for the number of fatalities in 2020:



If RS efforts continue at the same level, the expected number of fatalities in 2020 is 607.

Forecast of road-traffic fatalities in Bulgaria up to 2020

Year	Prediction	Lower CI	Upper CI
2011	772	646	922
2012	752	583	969
2013	732	531	1008
2014	713	486	1044
2015	694	446	1079
2016	675	410	1113
2017	658	377	1147
2018	640	347	1182
2019	624	320	1216
2020	607	295	1251

Disclaimer

- Statistical forecasting does not offer a definite prediction of what is *actually* going to happen in the future.
- The estimates are based on the “business as usual” assumption: no *principal* changes between past and future development.
- Even in these conditions future outcomes are uncertain. This uncertainty is represented in the confidence intervals (plotted in the red margins: 68%; printed in table: 95%).



References

- [1] Dupont & Martensen (Eds.) 2012. Forecasting road traffic fatalities in European countries. Deliverable 4.4 of the EC FP7 project DaCoTA.
- [2] EC National Expert for road accident statistics and road safety performance indicators.
- [3] COWI (2008) Review of road safety management capacity in Bulgaria for the World Bank.
- [4] Bijleveld F., Commandeur J., Gould P., Koopman S. J. (2008). Model-based measurement of latent risk in time series with applications. Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series A, 2008.
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- [6] Commandeur, J. & Koopman, S.J. (2007). An Introduction to State Space Time Series Analysis. Oxford University Press.

